WATER TREATMENT PLANT SITING STUDY

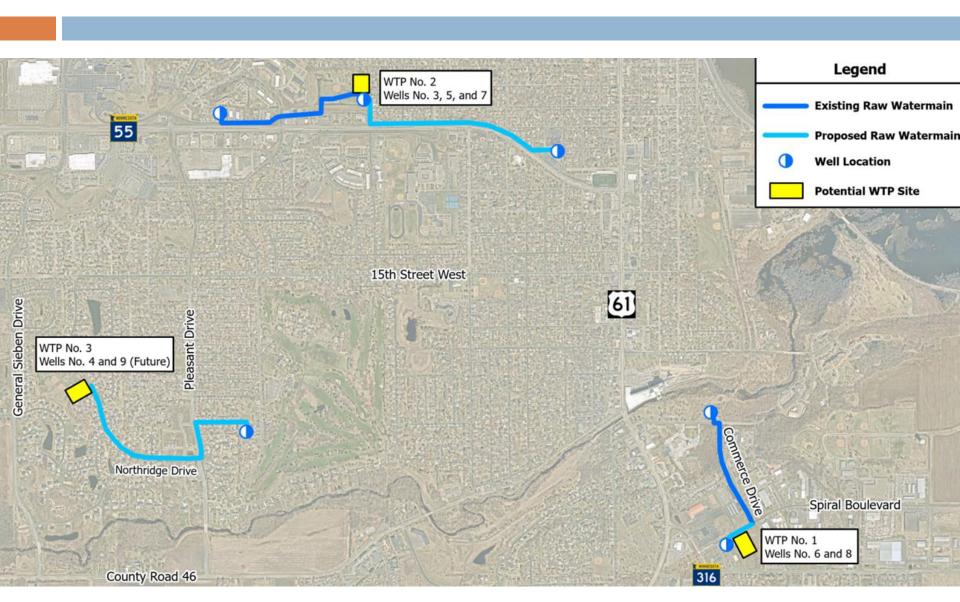




Water Treatment Plants

- 3 Decentralized Treatment Plants
 - GAC for PFAS Removal
 - IX for Nitrate Removal
- Plants to be nearly 50' tall from floor to peak
- □ Need approximately 100' X 100' or 10,000 SF
 - Equates to 1 to 2 acres of land needed based on grading/berming, landscaping/screening, driveway, and stormwater

Feasibility Report WTP Locations



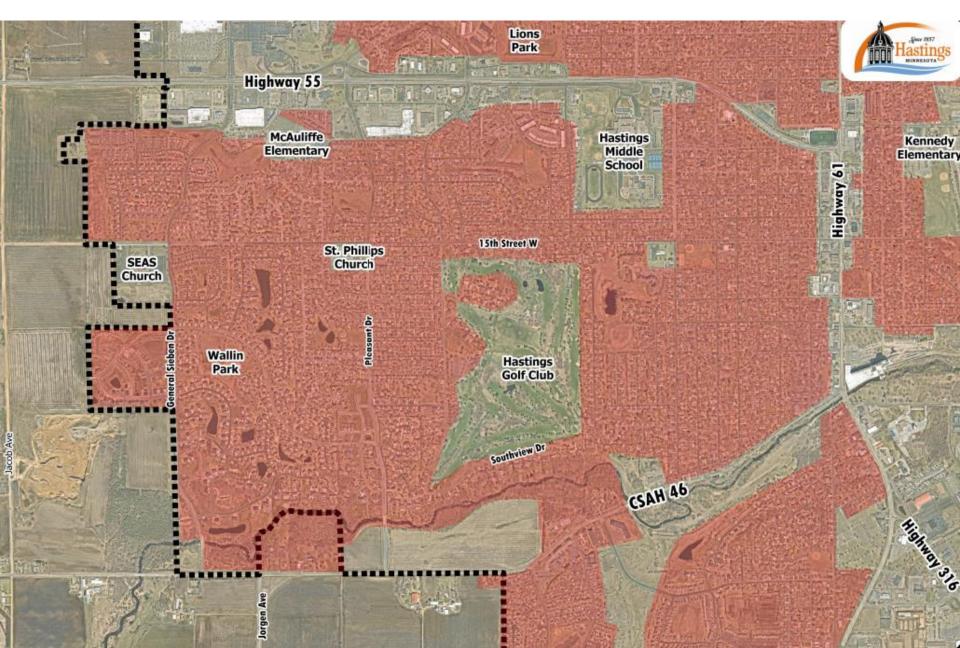
Feasibility Report Locations (continued)

- Representation of sites near wells and on City owned land
- Locations never finalized and subject to change
- Council provided strong preference to locate outside of residential neighborhoods

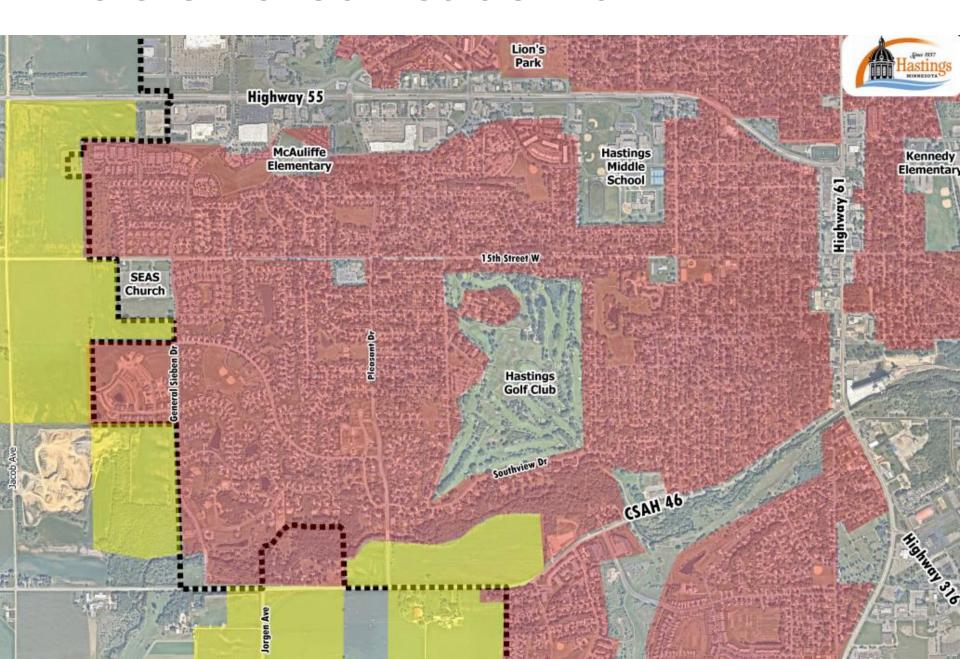
WTP Siting Factors

- Land area (owned or acquirable)
- Wells and raw water mains
- Trunk distribution water mains and storage tanks
- Pressure zone facilities (booster pumps/pressure reducing valves)
- Trunk sanitary sewers
- Transportation corridors
- Site topography

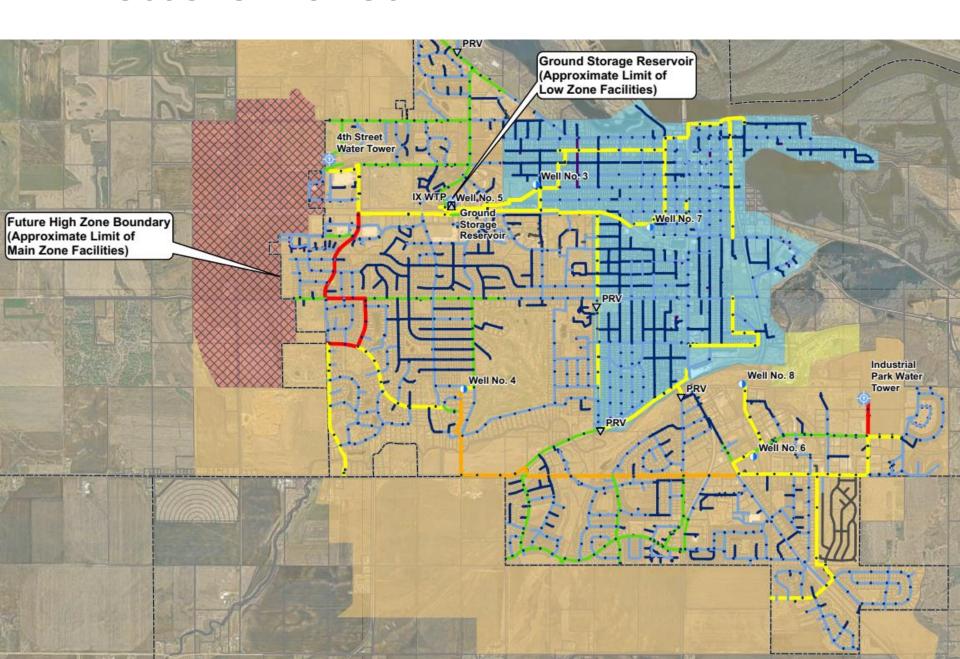
Existing Residential Neighborhoods



Future Zoned Residential



Pressure Zones



Engineering Analysis

- Hydraulically Feasible
- Minimize major losses (friction loss proportional to length)
- Impact to pumping rates from wells
- Industry standards applied for pressure surge (10psi or less)
- AWWA Standards
 - Maximum velocity less than 5ft/second
 - Head loss less than 10ft/1,000ft
- More piping (raw and distribution) not only increases capital cost and impact, but also equates to a less efficient system
 - Higher life cycle (replacement) costs
 - More operation and maintenance

WTP No. 2

- Property owner feedback
- □ TH 55 border
- Proximity to wells and GSR matter
- Topography factors



Comparison Matrix — WTP 2						
Site	Advantage	Disadvantage	Added Impact	Model Results		
2-1 (Lions Park)	City owned Centered	Residential Local road	N/A	PS = 1-4psi Max $V = 1.5ft/s$		

Site acquisition

Added piping

No trunk sewer

Site acquisition

Added piping

No trunk sewer

Stormwater concerns

Max $HL = 2.9ft/10ft^3$

PS = 1-5psi

PS = 1-5psi

Max V = 3.8 ft/s

Max $HL = 5.9ft/10ft^3$

Max V = 3.8 ft/s

Max $HL = 5.9ft/10ft^3$

2,400 LF

3,600 LF

2-2

(Carbones)

2-5 (County)

Piping exists

Trunk sewer

between 3 & 5

Adjacent to IX WTP

(use/expand IX)

Piping exists

between 3 & 5

Collector road

Near well 5

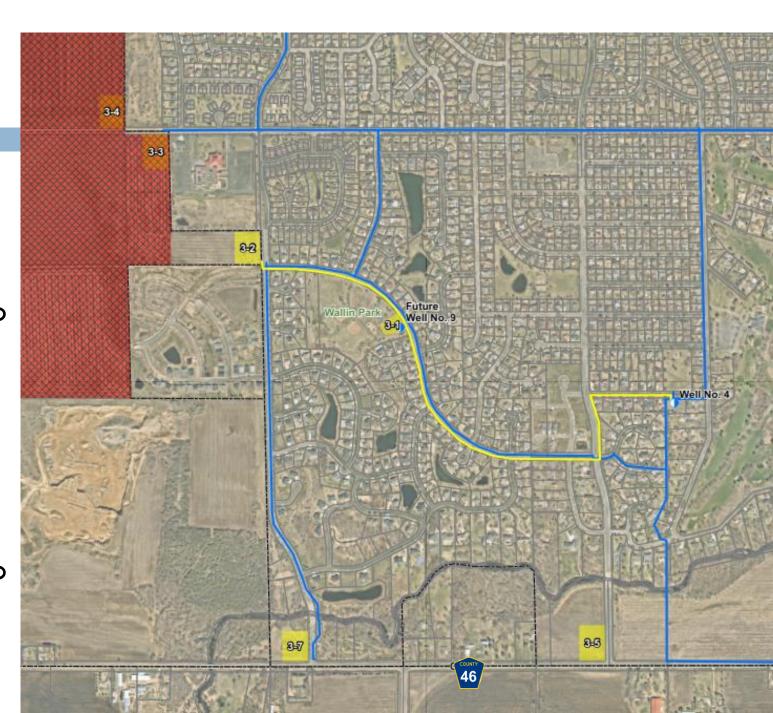
Collector road

Site 2-2



WTP No. 3

- Property owner feedback
- Proximity toWell 4 & 9
- Future HighZone
- River crossing
- Proximity to future residential



	omparison	Matrix -	WIP	3
Site	Advantage	Disadvantage	Added Impact	Model Results
3-1 (Wallin Park)	City owned Future Well 9 site Minimal piping Collector road	Residential No trunk sewer	N/A	PS = 2-5psi Max V = 4.0ft/s $Max HL = 7.9ft/10ft^3$
3-2 (SEAS)	Large site (acquire	Site acquisition	1,800 LF	PS = 2-3psi

Annexation

Added piping

Future residential

No trunk sewer

Site acquisition

River crossing

River crossing

No trunk sewer

Significant grading

Earlier trunk loop

No trunk sewer

Future residential

4,500 LF

5,500 LF

only what is needed)

16" trunk water

Large site (acquire

14" trunk water

Collector road

Collector road

water

only what is needed)

Large site, City owned

Positioned for trunk

Collector road

3-5

(County)

3-7 (City)

Height less than church

Max V = 1.6 ft/s

PS = 3-4psi

PS = 2-3psi

Max V = 1.5 ft/s

Max V = 2.2 ft/s

Max $HL = 1.3ft/10ft^3$

Max $HL = 0.9ft/10ft^3$

Max $HL = 1.0ft/10ft^3$

Site 3-3



Next Steps

- Incorporate Council feedback
- Schedule a follow up at the 9/16 Council
 Meeting
 - Closed meeting per Mn Statutes 13D.05 subd 3(c) to develop offers for purchase of real property

Questions?



